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<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
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You can work on Tekla Structures models in either single-user or multi-user mode. Multi-user mode allows several users to access the same model at the same time. Several users can work on the same project and be aware of the others’ progress. This eliminates the need for copying and merging models.

**NOTE**  Tekla Structures multi-user mode only runs on TCP/IP-based networks.

**See also**
- When to use multi-user mode on page 8
- Overview of the multi-user system on page 6
- How multi-user works on page 11
- Saving in multi-user mode on page 13
- Autosaving in multi-user mode on page 13
- Shutting down the model in multi-user mode on page 18
- Copying multi-user models on page 18
- Error messages in multi-user mode on page 20
- Recommendations for multi-user setup on page 20
A Tekla Structures multi-user system runs on a TCP/IP network and consists of:

- A server computer running the multi-user server
- A file server computer containing the master model
- Client computers running Tekla Structures

### 2.1 Tekla Structures multi-user server

Tekla Structures multi-user server runs as a service that is started automatically when you start the computer. You do not need to log in to the service.

Tekla Structures multi-user server performs the following main tasks:

- Distributes ID numbers for new objects
- Locks the model when somebody saves or numbers the model
- Identifies client computers
- Keeps track of active multi-users
- Gives numbers for general arrangement drawings and multidrawings
- Displays warnings if another user has already edited or is currently editing drawings or the same model object

To optimize the performance of a multi-user system, run as few other programs as possible on the Tekla Structures multi-user server. This ensures that it processes network requests for object ID numbers efficiently.

### Server shutdown

Users should save their working models to the master model before the Tekla Structures multi-user server is stopped. If the service is stopped before saving the working models, for example because the server computer needs a restart, simply restart the service and have users save their working models to the master model.
See also

How multi-user works on page 11
When to use multi-user mode

You can use Tekla Structures in either single-user or multi-user mode. In single-user mode, only one user can work on a model at one time. When modeling a large project, multi-user mode allows many users to work on a model simultaneously.

Advantages
- No duplicate models to control, track or store
- Using only one model reduces on site errors
- Erection plans based on a single master model
- Bolt and material lists generated from a single master model
- Ability to share the workload of large projects among many users
- Ability to collect model history (see )

Other issues to consider
As with all projects, you need to plan your multi-user project carefully. Some issues to consider are:
- Only one user can save to the master model at a time
- Use a numbering plan. When working with multi-user models, always use the option Synchronize with master model (save-numbering-save) in the Numbering setup dialog box to prevent saving conflicts.
- Schedule numbering sessions appropriately (it can take some time to number larger models)
- If possible, assign distinct areas of the model to each user to avoid conflicts that may happen when several users are working in the same area.
- You should never use a mix of single-user and multi-user setups on one project. Saving a multi-user model in single-user mode deletes changes by other users working on the model, and can also corrupt the model. See Saving in multi-user mode on page 13 to find out how saving works in multi-user mode.
3.1 **Switching from multi-user mode to single-user mode**

You can easily switch between single-user and multi-user modes by using the different options in the **Open** dialog box.

To open a multi-user model in the single-user mode:
1. In the **Open** dialog box, select the multi-user model.
2. Right-click and select **Open as single-user model** from the pop-up menu.

See also

*Switching from single-user mode to multi-user mode on page 9*

---

3.2 **Switching from single-user mode to multi-user mode**

You can easily switch between single-user and multi-user modes by using the different options in the **Open** dialog box.

To open a single-user model in the multi-user mode:
1. In the **Open** dialog box, select the single-user model.
2. Right-click and select **Open as multi-user model** from the pop-up menu.
3. Enter the server name or select the name from the list in the **Open as multi-user model** dialog box.
4. Click **OK**.

See also

*Switching from multi-user mode to single-user mode on page 8*

---

3.3 **Changing the server of a multi-user model**

To change the Tekla Structures server of a multi-user model:
1. In the **Open** dialog box, select the multi-user model.
2. Right-click and select **Change server** from the pop-up menu.
3. When Tekla Structures asks for the name of the new server, enter the server name or select it from the list, and then click **OK**.

   If the connection to the new server cannot be established, the old connection is restored.

---
NOTE The file \texttt{.This\_is\_multiuser\_model} located in the model folder defines whether the model is a multi-user or a single-user model. The file includes also the name of the server. You can open the file using any standard text editor.
How multi-user works

The multi-user model consists of a single master model. Each user can access this model and open their own local view of the model. This local view is called a working model. The above image shows one possible configuration of the multi-user system.

Any changes a user makes to his working model are local and are not visible to other users until he saves the working model to the master model.

The multi-user system can contain several client computers, where users work on their working models. The master model can be located anywhere on the network, including any of the client computers.
When you open a multi-user model on a client computer, Tekla Structures makes a copy of the master model and saves it locally on the client computer (a working model).

When you click **Save** to save your working model back to the master model, Tekla Structures:

1. Takes a new copy of the master model and compares your working model with it.
2. Saves the changes in your working model to the copy of the master model (locally).
3. Saves this copy back to the master model. (When other users save their working models, they can now see your changes.)
4. Takes a new copy of the master model and saves it locally as your working model. (You can see your own changes and those uploaded by other users.)

The multi-user model is locked during opening, saving and numbering. When one of the users performs any of these operations, other users cannot perform them during that time.

### 4.1 Locking a model in multi-user mode

To preserve the integrity of the multi-user model, Tekla Structures locks the master model when a user:

- Opens the multi-user model
- Saves a working model to the master model
- Runs numbering

When you try to save the model when it is locked, Tekla Structures gives you an option to queue for saving until the model is unlocked.

If you click **Yes**, Tekla Structures displays the following message:

Tekla Structures will keep on retrying every 15 seconds until the operation is completed or until you click **Cancel**.
4.2 **Saving in multi-user mode**

Tekla Structures preserves the integrity of the model, even if more than one user modifies the same model objects. If two users modify the same object, then save to the master model, the master model will only contain the changes of the user who most recently saved their working model to the master model.

**TIP** To avoid potential save conflicts, have users work on different areas of the model.

Tekla Structures creates connections to the right parts, even if the part is moved by another user.

Note that if you use the *Save as* command to save the model, the model history is not copied with the saved model.

**Speeding up the saving process**

The following advice may help in speeding up the saving process:

- Check your network connection speed, because it can slow down the saving process significantly.
- Close down all the views of the model before saving.
- Set the advanced options `XS_PROJECT` and `XS_FIRM` so that they point to a local drive and move most of the system files there. If there are many system files in the network drive, saving may become slower than when using system files located on your own hard drive. Each user should use the same files to ensure similar outcome.
- Delete any hidden reference models which you do not need anymore.

**See also**

- How multi-user works on page 11

4.3 **Autosaving in multi-user mode**

Autosave only saves the working model, not the master model. Other users do not see the modifications you make after an *Autosave*. In multi-user mode, this makes *Autosave* much faster than the *Save* command. *Save* updates the master model.

By default, Tekla Structures saves the *Autosave* files in the master model folder with the filename `<model>.db1_<user>`. If several people are using the same username, conflicts will occur.
To avoid conflicts and problems caused by the network traffic, store the Autosave files locally, not in the model folder that is located on a network drive. Set the advanced option XS_AUTOSAVE_DIRECTORY to XS_AUTOSAVE_DIRECTORY=%XS_RUNPATH% \autosave. By saving autosave files locally you make sure that if there are problems in the network traffic, you are still able to save your own work.

Use Autosave in the following ways:

1. Click Tools --> Options --> Options... --> General, and define Autosave intervals for operations performed in the drawing and the model.
2. Periodically autosave the model manually.
   To do so,
   • create a shortcut for the Autosave command, see OR
   • add the command to a toolbar, see .

   **NOTE** Remember to save regularly to the master model by clicking Save.

**See also**

- Error messages in multi-user mode on page 20
- Copying multi-user models on page 18
- How multi-user works on page 11

### 4.4 Model history in multi-user mode

Tekla Structures collects *model history* on the actions that have taken place in the multi-user model by different users.

Model history shows when the model has been changed, how the model has changed, who has made the changes, and the model revision comments. Model history is collected only in multi-user models.

**See also**

- Collecting model history in multi-user mode on page 14
- Viewing model history in multi-user mode on page 15
- Saving model revision comments in multi-user mode on page 16
Collecting model history in multi-user mode

To collect model history:
1. Click **Tools --> Options --> Advanced Options**.
2. Go to the **Speed and Accuracy** tab.
3. Set `XS_COLLECT_MODEL_HISTORY` to **TRUE**.
4. Set `XS_CLEAR_MODEL_HISTORY` to **FALSE**.
5. Optional: Go to the **Multi-user** tab.
   - Set `XS_SAVE_WITHCOMMENT` to **TRUE**.
   - This enables the saving of model revision comments.

See also

*Saving model revision comments in multi-user mode on page 16*

Viewing model history in multi-user mode

To view model history, do one of the following:
- Click **Tools --> Inquire --> Object**.
  - The model history is shown in the **Inquire Object** dialog box:
• Create a model history report.
  a. Click **Drawings & Reports** --> **Create Report**.
  b. Select a report template that shows model history from the list. The name of the report template may vary in different environments.
     In the Default environment, the report template is called **Q_Model_History_Report**.
  c. Click **Create from all** to create a report on all the objects in a model
     Or
     Select one or more objects in the model and click **Create from selected** to create a report from the selected objects.

**Saving model revision comments in multi-user mode**

You can save model revision comments when working with multi-user models. This means that all objects which have been changed during the last save interval include the revision
information in them. You can use this information in filtering and reports. You can also use it to examine which users have modified the objects.

- The **Owner** is the user, who has added the object into the model.
- **History** shows when the model has been changed, how the model has changed, who has made the changes, and the model revision comments.

**Preconditions**

Set the advanced option `XS_SAVE_WITH_COMMENT` to `TRUE` in Tools --> Options --> Advanced Options... --> Multi-user.

Set the advanced option `XS_COLLECT_MODEL_HISTORY` to `TRUE` in Tools --> Options --> Advanced Options... --> Speed and Accuracy.

1. When you have set the advanced options mentioned above to `TRUE`, Tekla Structures displays the **Model revision comments** dialog box when you are saving the model. Enter the desired revision comment and code in the **Model revision comment** and **Model revision code** boxes.

How multi-user works  17

Model history in multi-user mode
2. Click OK.

Tekla Structures applies the values of this dialog box to parts that were changed after the last save. When you inquire objects, you can see the model revision information in the Inquire Object dialog box. You can use this information also for selection and view filtering.

4.5 Shutting down the model in multi-user mode

Do not shut down the computer containing the master model while other users are working on their working models. They will not be able to save their changes to the master model.

If this does happen, to avoid losing any changes, follow the steps below:

1. Keep the working model(s) open on the client computer(s).
2. Restart the computer containing the master model.
3. Open the master model on the computer containing it and autosave the model.
4. Click Save on the client computers to save the working models to the master model.

See also
- Saving in multi-user mode on page 13
- Autosaving in multi-user mode on page 13

4.6 Copying multi-user models

To copy a multi-user model:

1. Have all users save and close their working models.
2. Click File > Open, right-click the multi-user model and select Open as single-user model.
3. Use Save as to make a copy of the model.
4. Exit Tekla Structures and re-open the model in multi-user mode to continue working on it.
4.7 Displaying active multi-users

You can display information on users working on the same server. To do this:

1. Click Tools > Active Multi-Users...

The Active Multi-Users dialog box displays the following information:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Locked</td>
<td>The time when the model was locked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model name</td>
<td>The name of the model.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Users that are currently working on models on the server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latest login</td>
<td>The time when the users have logged in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latest access to server</td>
<td>The time when the users have last accessed the server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing drawings</td>
<td>The drawings that are currently being edited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edited drawings</td>
<td>The drawings that have been edited and saved to the server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TIP The Active Multi-Users dialog box is refreshed every 30 seconds. You can refresh it immediately by clicking Refresh.

4.8 Clearing locks on the multi-user server

You can clear the locks of objects from other users on the multi-user server.

Before a user can clear locks, you need to define the AllowMultiuserKick action in the privileges.inp file and give full permissions to the user who you want to be able to clear locks.

In the following example, only user jsmith has full permissions to clear locks:

```
action:AllowMultiuserKick everyone none
action:AllowMultiuserKick jsmith full
```

To clear the locks of a user:

1. Click Tools --> Active Multi-Users .
2. Right-click a user whose locks you want to clear and select Clear locks.

All the locks that the user has on objects are removed. This means that if an application error has occurred on the user's computer, the locks on locked objects can be cleared.
### 4.9 Error messages in multi-user mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error message</th>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database write conflicts detected</strong></td>
<td>More than one user has changed an object.</td>
<td>Check the <code>conflict.log</code>. It lists the ID numbers of the objects that more than one user has changed. This is not usually a critical problem. No need to use the Check database tool. See also Saving in multi-user mode on page 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Could not save model. Possible reasons are:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| - disk is full or write protected | You tried to save a multi-user model to a computer or folder that you could not access. | • Check that you have permission to write to the model folder.  
• Check that there is enough disk space to save the model.  
• Restart the computer where you want to save the model. Try to save the model again.  
• Delete the `.tmp` files from the model directory. |
| - locked `.tmp` file(s) exists in the model directory | | |
| **Database locked cannot open model** | Computer stopped responding while saving the model, which locks the model. | To unlock the model, the user whose operating system stopped responding should open the model in multi-user mode and save it. |
| **Cannot read autosaved model as a normal model in the multi-use mode** | The opening of a multi-user Autosave file has been prevented in single-user mode to prevent the reading of wrong file types. | Do not rename or move Autosave files. Do not open the Autosave file of a single-user model in multi-user mode or vice versa. |
4.10 Recommendations for multi-user setup

Here are some recommendations on how to optimize your multi-user setup. For more information, see the Tekla User Assistance support article: Hardware recommendations.

Server computer

The Tekla Structures server does not have a high workload and can be run on a relatively low specification computer. You do not need a commercial network file server. Its main task is to process network requests for object ID numbers. See Tekla Structures multi-user server on page 6 for more information.

Client computer

Have as much RAM as possible (4 Gb or more). This speeds up saving in multi-user mode. See Saving in multi-user mode on page 13 to find out more about the multi-user save process.

We also recommend using a fast multi-core processor, particularly for computers where you run numbering.

LVD (Low Voltage Differential) drives speed up the saving and opening of models).

Network

Ensure that the TCP/IP protocols are set correctly:

• Each PC on the same network has a unique ID number
• Each PC on the same network has an identical Subnet mask

**TIP** To find the IP address of a computer, enter `ipconfig` at the DOS prompt.

**NOTE** Some network operating systems may block user history data, which means that for example the Inquire Object dialog box does not show user names.

Model dump

Always import model dumps in single-user mode. After the import you are prompted to save and re-open the model. Re-open the model as a multi-user model, and continue your work. For more information see Switching from multi-user mode to single-user mode on page 8.

4.11 Checking multi-user databases

To preserve the integrity of your multi-user model, you need to remove any inconsistencies from the multi-user database at regular intervals, for example once a day. This may also fix assemblies with no main part and drawings of unknown (U) type.

We recommend you to check the multi-user database in single-user mode.

To remove inconsistencies from a multi-user database:

1. Have all other users exit the multi-user model.
2. Save your model to receive the modifications of other users.
3. Exit the model.
4. Open the model in single-user mode.
5. Click Tools --> Diagnose & Repair Model --> Repair Model.
6. Save the model.
7. Exit the model.
Before you start a project, assign each user an area of the model. To prevent potential save conflicts, you need to avoid having more than one user working on the same, or adjacent model objects. See also Saving in multi-user mode on page 13.

**Example**

If three users are to model a project, User #1 could model columns, User #2 the 1st floor beams, and User #3 the 2nd floor beams.

In the following example, three users are working on the same model. You can see how modeling and saving works in practice.

The master model contains columns and grids, as you can see here.

Each user opens the model in multi-user mode. All users are now working on working models, locally.
On the working models:

User #1 adds base plates to the columns:

User #2 adds and connects the 1st floor steel beams:

User #3 adds and connects the 2nd floor steel beams:
User #1 clicks **Save** to save to the master model. His working model now shows the base plates he added and looks like this:

User #2 clicks **Save** to save to the master model. His working model now shows his 1st floor framing and User #1’s base plates.
User #3 clicks **Save** to save to the master model. His working model now shows all three users's work:

To see the updated master model, Users #1 and #2 need to save to the master model again to update their working models.
5.1 Numbering setup in multi-user mode

Define the numbering settings as follows:

1. Click **Drawings & Reports** --> **Numbering** --> **Numbering Settings...**.

2. In the **Numbering setup** dialog box, select the **Synchronize with master model (save-numbering-save)** check box.

   When you select this check box, you can cancel the numbering before the last save is made. This is useful, for example, if you want to check the numbering results and you find something that you still want to change.

   **NOTE** When working with multi-user models, use this option always to prevent saving conflicts.

3. Modify the other properties as required.

4. Click **OK**.

Tekla Structures will now save the model before and after you number all parts or modified parts.

When you run numbering by clicking **Drawings & Reports** --> **Numbering** --> **Number Modified Objects**, Tekla Structures displays a list that shows the numbering progress. When the numbering is finished, the changed numbering results are highlighted in the list.
When you select an item on the list, Tekla Structures highlights the corresponding object(s) in the model. If you keep the F key pressed when you select the item, Tekla Structures fits the work area of the current view around the objects.

If the numbering results are correct, click **Save numbers** to make the second save. To cancel the numbering before the second save, click **Cancel**. If you cancel the numbering, the model is returned to the state before numbering and standard files are read to all dialogs.

To review the numbering results further, click **Stop timer**.

To change the time frame in which Tekla Structures makes the second save, use the advanced option `XS_NUMBERING_RESULTS_DIALOG_DISPLAY_TIME`.

---

**NOTE**  
We recommend that you run the Tools --> Diagnose & Repair Model --> Diagnose & Repair Numbering: All command to remove any numbering inconsistencies from the multi-user database at regular intervals, for example once a day.

---

**See also**  
*Using privileges.inp to control access to numbering on page 36*

---

### 5.2 Synchronizing numbering with the master model

If you need to include numbering information from areas in the model that have been modeled by other users:

1. Ask all users to save their working models. This updates the master model.

2. Number the model. Make sure that the **Synchronize with master model (save-numbering-save)** check box is selected in the **Numbering setup** dialog box (see *Numbering setup in multi-user mode on page 27*). This updates your working model to the master model, numbers the master model, and then saves the numbered master model for all users to access.

---

**NOTE**  
If you create drawings and/or reports after numbering, you need to save the master model again to make them visible to other users.
6 Drawings in multi-user mode

The multi-user environment is very useful when several users are simultaneously editing drawings.

Tekla Structures saves each drawing in a unique file. These drawing files are located in the drawing folder in the master model folder.

The file is in the format D0000123456.dg. The dg files are part of the model, so you can only open them using Tekla Structures.

dg files contain the locations of views, details of any editing done to the drawing, and the positions of dimensions, part marks, and text. The dg filename does not contain any reference to assembly, part, or multidrawing numbers.

If two users open and save the same drawing in their working models, then save their changes to the master model, one set of changes will be lost. The master model will only contain the changes of the user who most recently saved their working model to the master model. See Saving in multi-user mode on page 13.

The Tekla Structures multi-user server assigns the general arrangement drawing numbers automatically. This means that each drawing gets the first free number available. If users A and B both create a general arrangement drawing at the same time, they are automatically assigned different numbers. The same applies to multidrawing numbers.

See also

Guidelines for multi-user drawings on page 29
Locks for drawings in multi-user mode on page 30
6.1 Guidelines for multi–user drawings

You may find the following guidelines useful when you edit or check drawings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Saving drawings</td>
<td>Periodically save your working model to the master model (every 5–10 drawings).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing drawings</td>
<td>• Assign each user a different range of drawings to edit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Lock finalized drawings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• If Tekla Structures displays the message <strong>Database write conflicts detected</strong> and a drawing ID number, two or more users have opened and saved the same drawing. See Drawings in multi-user mode on page 29.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checking drawings</td>
<td>Only check locked drawings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing drawings</td>
<td>Make sure that no-one else is working with the same drawing. If you print a drawing while someone else is editing it and then save the model, the other user’s changes will be lost, even though you have not opened, modified, or saved the drawing. You can disable the print date by using the advanced option .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating general arrangement drawings</td>
<td>Create a set of empty general arrangement drawings in the beginning of the project, and assign a a certain range of these ready-created empty drawings to each user (for example, GA1 to GA10 to User A, GA11–GA20 to User B and so on). This prevents overlapping general arrangement drawing numbers in the project.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also
Deleting unnecessary drawing files in multi-user mode on page 31

6.2 Locks for drawings in multi–user mode

When you are about to open a drawing, Tekla Structures displays a notification on the status of the drawing. The options are:

• Someone is already editing it.

• Someone has already edited it (drawing has been saved to their computer, but not yet to the server).

• The drawing has already been saved and there is a newer version available on the server.

**NOTE** Locks for drawings are only used when a drawing is edited manually, not for example when drawings are automatically edited through cloning.
6.3 Deleting unnecessary drawing files in multi-user mode

Every time you update a drawing, Tekla Structures creates a new drawing (.dg) file in the drawings sub-folder of the model. After that, the previous drawing file is not used.

You can delete the unnecessary drawing files in multi-user mode. Use the advanced option XS_DELETE_UNNECESSARY_DG_FILES to have the unnecessary drawing files deleted automatically when the last user exits the model and saves the model.

By default all unnecessary drawing files are deleted automatically after seven days. Use the advanced option XS>Delete_UNNECESSARY_DG_FILES_SAFETY_PERIOD to define the time frame after which unnecessary drawing files are deleted.
You can control access rights using privileges.

By modifying the privileges.inp file you can control:

- access to modify user-defined attributes
- access to modify object properties. This is done by locking and unlocking objects.
- access to modify numbering settings
- access to remove users on multi-user server
- access to save standard files

You can prevent your model and drawings being accidentally modified by using the Locked user-defined attribute (UDA) or drawing locks. Using the Locked UDA and privileges together you can even restrict some users or organizations from modifying your model.

For example, you can limit access to the model so that a checker can only change status attributes. Or you could prevent certain users from changing the user-defined attributes used for approval or manufacturing and erection status.

See also

Using the user-defined attribute Locked to lock objects on page 35
Options in privileges.inp on page 34
Using privileges.inp to control access to lock and unlock objects on page 36
Using privileges.inp to control access to numbering on page 36
Clearing locks on the multi-user server on page 19
Using privileges.inp to control access to save standard files on page 37

7.1 Changing access rights in privileges.inp

You can control access rights in a model by using privileges. You can control the privileges with the privileges.inp file.
How the privileges work:

- The privileges.inp file serves as a user interface for updating the privileges in a model.
- The privileges are loaded from the privileges.inp file and stored in the model.
- The privileges are loaded from the privileges.inp file only if the current user is allowed to do so.
- If there is no privileges.inp file or if it cannot be loaded, then the privileges that are already stored in the model (if any) are used.
- If you do not set any privileges, all users have full rights.
- Tekla Structures checks the privilege defaults in the privileges.inp file when you create a model, and each time you open a model.
- Tekla Structures searches for the file first in the current model folder, then in the folder defined for the advanced option XS_INP.

**NOTE** Only the person who created the model, or anyone from the same organization, can modify the privileges of the model via the privileges.inp file.

To change the access rights:

1. Close the model.
2. Open the privileges.inp file in any text editor.
3. Change the desired settings and save the file.
4. Re-open the model.

**Example**

Below is an example of the privileges.inp file. The slash (/) or backslash (\) separates the user name from the organization (<organization>/<user>). If no user name is entered, it means anyone in the company. Each row contains three columns, separated by tabs.

If you want to give the privileges only to one user or only to some users, you first have to exclude everyone and then include the users who you want to give the privileges.
For more information about the options in the privileges.inp file, see Options in privileges.inp on page 34.

7.2 Options in privileges.inp

You can control user privileges by using the privileges.inp file.

The privileges.inp file is located in ..\ProgramData\Tekla Structures\<version>\environments\common\inp folder.

The available options are explained below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>protected user-defined attribute</td>
<td>attribute: name</td>
<td>Affects the protected user-defined attribute &quot;name&quot;. Check the exact spelling of the name in the objects.inp.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>action</th>
<th>action: name</th>
<th>Affects the action &quot;name&quot;. The available actions:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• PartnumbersOptions: Controls access to numbering settings. Limitation: only full/none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• PerformNumbering: Controls access to performing numbering.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• AllowMultiuserKick: Controls access to removing users from a multi-user model. Limitation: only full/none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• SaveStandard: Controls access to saving standard files. Limitations: only standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Column</td>
<td>Option</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• DrawingWatermark: Controls access to adding watermarks for printed drawings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>user</td>
<td>everyone</td>
<td>All users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>domain/</td>
<td>Affects all users within the network domain &quot;domain&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>domain/nn</td>
<td>Affects the user &quot;nn&quot; in the network domain &quot;domain&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>nn</td>
<td>Affects the user &quot;nn&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rights</td>
<td>full</td>
<td>User can change the user-defined attribute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>view</td>
<td>User can view the user-defined attribute, but not change it. This option appears dimmed to the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>none</td>
<td>The user-defined attribute is hidden from the user.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also

Changing access rights in privileges.inp on page 32
Using privileges.inp to control access to numbering on page 36

7.3 Using the user-defined attribute Locked to lock objects

To protect objects from being accidentally modified, you can use the Locked user-defined attribute (UDA).

You can use it for:
- parts (separately for beams, columns etc.)
- bolts
- welds
- specific drawing types
- project properties
- phase properties

The Locked user-defined attribute (UDA) has two values, Yes and No. When set to Yes, the object is locked and you cannot modify its properties. You can only change the object's user-defined attributes that do not affect numbering. If you try to modify a locked object, Tekla Structures displays the following warning message:
"There are locked objects, see report. The operation could not be performed."

To add the **Locked** UDA to the Tekla Structures user interface, you need to add the following line in the object's section in the `objects.inp` file:

```inp
attribute("OBJECT_LOCKED", "Locked:", option,"%s", none, none, "0.0", "0.0")
  value("no", 1)
  value("yes", 0)
```

**NOTE** Make sure that numbering is up-to-date before you lock objects.

### 7.4 Using privileges.inp to control access to lock and unlock objects

To prevent a user from locking and unlocking objects, set their access to the user-defined attribute **Locked** (`OBJECT_LOCKED`) to none in the `privileges.inp` file.

In this example, `privileges.inp` gives the users "man" and "man2" full rights to lock and unlock objects, but hides that attribute from everybody else:

```inp
attribute:OBJECT_LOCKED everyone none
attribute:OBJECT_LOCKED man full
attribute:OBJECT_LOCKED man2 full
```

**NOTE** To protect other user-defined attributes, you need to list them in the `privileges.inp`.

**See also**
- Changing access rights in `privileges.inp` on page 32
- Using the user-defined attribute Locked to lock objects on page 35

### 7.5 Using privileges.inp to control access to numbering

To prevent unauthorized users from modifying the numbering settings, restrict their access to the numbering properties in the `privileges.inp` file.
NOTE  Users can still run numbering even if they have no privilege to modify the numbering settings.

If a user who has no privilege to modify properties in the **Numbering Setup** dialog box tries to access the dialog box, Tekla Structures displays a warning message which states that the user does not have the required privilege.

**Example**

Only **admin** can modify the properties in the **Numbering Setup** dialog box:

```
  privileges.inp
  action:PartnumbersOptions everyone none
  action:PartnumbersOptions ORGANIZATION\admin full
```

**See also**

[Changing access rights in privileges.inp on page 32](#)

### 7.6 Using privileges.inp to control access to save standard files

To control users' access to save standard files, restrict their access in the **privileges.inp** file.

**Example**

Only **admin** has rights to save standard files in network domain **ORGANIZATION**:

```
  privileges.inp
  action:saveStandard everyone none
  action:SaveStandard ORGANIZATION\admin full
```

**See also**

[Changing access rights in privileges.inp on page 32](#)
Using privileges.inp to control access to save standard files
Using privileges.inp to control access to save standard files
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